

Fostering a Sense of Community in an Online Classroom Setting

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Agenda

Introduction

- Community of Inquiry Framework
- Class activity as community building exercise
- Student impact
- Future implications

Introduction: The Impact of Online Learning

- Switch to online learning has led to an increase in social isolation
- Students are lacking socialization within and *between* cohorts
- International students are likely to face increased feelings of isolation and loneliness
- Research found students with no preexisting mental health concerns were likely to experience greater mental distress than students with preexisting concerns (*Hamza et al.,* 2020)
- Research recommends creating more opportunities to imitate in-person interaction among students online (*McKenzie-Sutter, 2020*)

How can we promote social interaction among students in an online classroom setting?

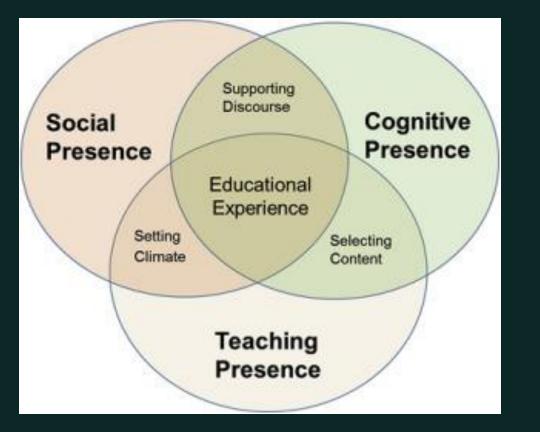


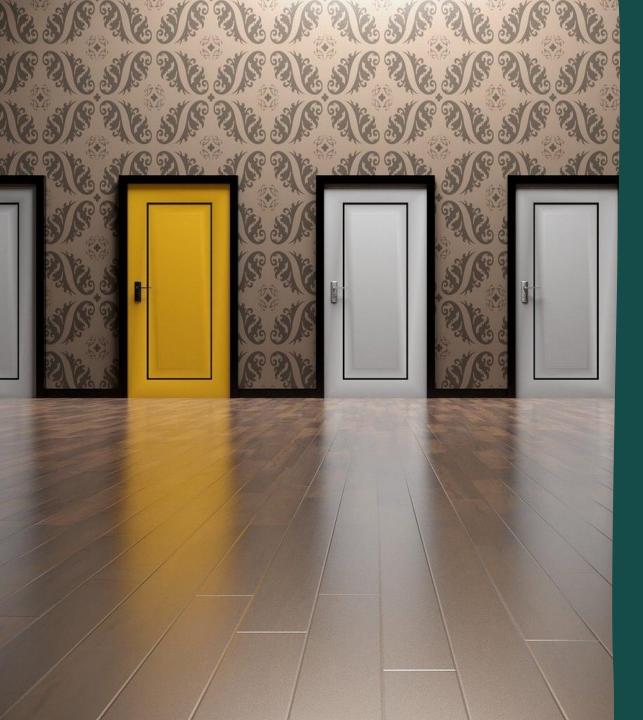
Figure 1. Elements of an Educational Experience (Garrison, Anderson & Archer, 1999, p. 88)

The Community of Inquiry Model (Garrison, Anderson & Archer, 1999)

 Outlines three essential elements that create a successful higher education online learning environment

- Cognitive presence
- Social presence
- Teacher presence

How do we combine the research, our observations and the Community of Inquiry Model into one activity?



Fostering Community through Class Activities

- Using an online escape room activity to deliver course content
- Intentionally created groups to facilitate socialization between cohorts
 - Replicating in-person socialization that would happen on campus
- Utilized breakout rooms on Zoom
- Instructor led warm up and post activity discussion

Escape Room & Community of Inquiry

COGNITIVE PRESENCE

- Students provided an opportunity to critically engage with topic
- Students reflect on experience in groups and individually

SOCIAL PRESENCE

- Students work together to achieve goal
- Students given opportunity to express own ideas and make decisions

TEACHER PRESENCE

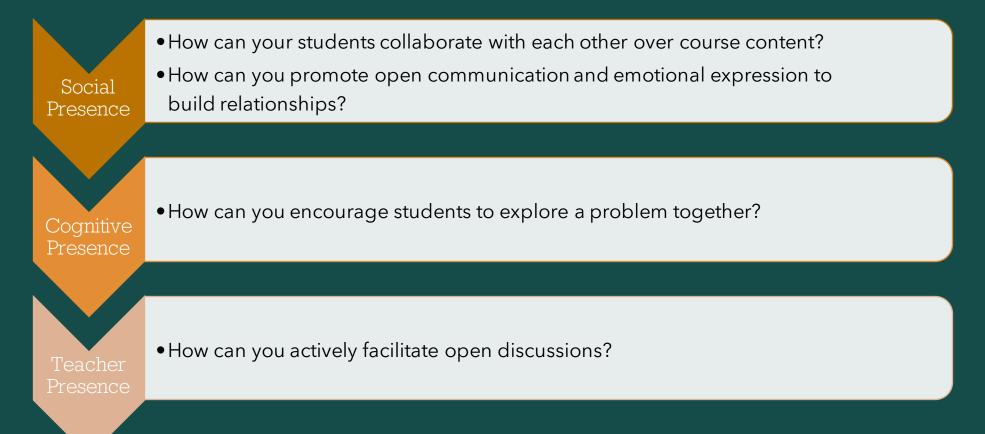
- Designingh and explaining activity
- Supporting students throughout activity
- Directing discussion and providing feedback

Student Impact

- Positive Class Engagement
 - Excitement on entering the room and seeing students from a different cohort
 - Active engagement in both pre and post discussions
- Student Reflection Feedback
 - Reflection questions directed at general experience and course concepts
 - Students enjoyed spending time with students from other cohorts and liked engaging in a fun activity

Future Implications: How can you implement the COI Model in your online classroom?

Key questions to consider when designing class activities:



Key Takeaways

- We learned how much students miss seeing each other
- Newer students were happy to interact with a new cohort
- Our students want more activities like this
- Students appreciate the opportunity to discuss and communicate with each other

Thank You!

Questions?

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Fiock, H. S. (2020). Designing a Community of Inquiry in Online Courses. International Review of Research in Open and Distributed Learning, 21(1), 134–152.

Garrison, D. R., Anderson, T., & Archer, W. (1999). Critical inquiry in a text-based environment: Computer conferencing in higher education. *The Internet and Higher Education*, 2(2-3), 87-105.

Hamza, C. A., Ewing, L., Heath, N. L., & Goldstein, A. L. (2020). When social isolation is nothing new: A longitudinal study psychological distress during COVID-19 among university students with and without preexisting mental health concerns. *Canadian Psychology/Psychologie Canadienne*.

McKenzie-Sutter, H. (2020, October 01). University students, schools grapple with mental health impacts of isolation. CTV News. https://www.ctvnews.ca/health/university-students-schools-grapple-with-mental-health-impacts-of-isolation-1.5128772